| Closing Tues: | $3.6-9$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Closing Thurs: | 3.9 |
| Closing next Tues: | 3.10 |
| Closing next Thurs: | $4.1(1), 4.1(2)$ |
| Remember: Friday is a Holiday (no class) |  |

### 3.9 Related Rates:

1. Draw \& label everything.
2. What you know?

What you want?
3. Equations relating quantities?
4. Differentiate with respect to $t$.
5. Substitute in your values and solve.

Do NOT substitute until last step.

Entry Task: (Like HW 3.9/3) A kite at an altitude of 400 ft is being blown horizontally at $10 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}$ away from the person holding the kite string at ground level. At what rate is the string being let out when 500 ft of string is already out?

Example: (Like HW 3.9/2) One bike is 4 miles east of an intersection, travelling toward the intersection at the rate of 9 mph . At the same time, a $2^{\text {nd }}$ bike is 3 miles south of the intersection and is travelling away from the intersection at a rate of 10 mph .

- At what rate is the distance between them changing?
- Is this distance increasing or decreasing?

Example: (Like 3.6-9/13, 3.9/9)
A 13-foot ladder is leaning against a
wall and its base is slipping away from
the wall at a rate of $3 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}$ when it is 5
ft from the wall.
How fast is the top of the ladder
dropping at that moment?

## Example: (Like 3.9/6)

A lighthouse is located on a small island 2 km away from the nearest point $P$ on a straight shoreline and its light makes three revolutions per minute.

How fast is the beam of light moving along the shoreline when it is 1 km
from $P$ ?

## Other Questions?

### 3.10 Linear Approximation (Preview)

Idea: "Near" the point ( $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{a})$ ) the graphs of $y=f(x)$ and the tangent line $y=f^{\prime}(a)(x-a)+f(a)$
are very close together.

We say the tangent line is a linear approximation (or linearization or tangent line approximation) to the function. Sometimes it is written as

$$
L(x)=f^{\prime}(a)(x-a)+f(a)
$$

In other words:
If $x \approx a$, then

$$
f(x) \approx f^{\prime}(a)(x-a)+f(a)
$$

Example: Find the linear approximation of $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$ at $x=81$. Then use it to approximate the value of $\sqrt{82}$.

Example: Find the linearization of $g(x)=\sin (x)$ at $x=0$. Then use it to approximate the value of $\sin (0.03)$.

## Example:

Using tangent line approximation estimate the value of $\sqrt[3]{8.5}$.

